

ENCROACHMENT GUIDELINES



INTRODUCTION

Most of MidAmerican Energy Company's existing easements and rights grant the company the perpetual right to construct, operate, maintain, repair, modify, alter, protect, change the size of, remove, replace and access electric and/or gas facilities (facilities) within the easement. The easement and rights are conveyed with the land in successive purchases and generally allow the current landowner the right to use and enjoy the property, as long as that use does not interfere or conflict with the rights of MidAmerican Energy Company (MidAmerican).

It is MidAmerican's philosophy to prevent encroachments upon its easement, when possible, by working with agencies and developers to design projects outside the easement. Many of MidAmerican's easement agreements prohibit encroachments and MidAmerican will enforce applicable provisions in its easement agreements where it believes the continued safe operation and maintenance of facilities could be threatened.

Where MidAmerican determines that an encroachment can be undertaken without jeopardizing the facility, MidAmerican will require an encroachment agreement or issue an encroachment permit depending on the type and scope of encroachment proposed.

This procedure follows the principle that if MidAmerican is included in the initial planning stages, project delays can be avoided, and safe development practices in the vicinity of MidAmerican facilities can be attained. Each proposed development or activity requires a case specific evaluation by a qualified MidAmerican representative.

In order to prevent unnecessary delays, MidAmerican encourages close communication with its representatives throughout an entire project. A MidAmerican representative will be available to attend pre-construction meetings and provide a safety/informational presentation to interested agencies and developers.

DEFINITIONS

EASEMENT

A non-possessory right to use and/or enter the property of another without possessing it.

ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

Consists of connected overhead and underground electric facilities supplied from electric substations to supply individual customers. It includes all cable and wiring to the customer's facilities.

ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

Consists of overhead and underground electric facilities interconnecting electric generation, substations, and foreign utilities to move electric power across MidAmerican's service territory.

ENCROACHMENT

When a structure is built in whole or in part on another's property or easement.

FACILITY OR MIDAMERICAN FACILITY

MidAmerican infrastructure including gas and electric lines.

GAS DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

Consists of connected mains and services supplied from town border stations, town regulator stations, and district regulator stations to supply individual customers. It includes all piping to the meter outlet or the connection to customer's piping, whichever is further downstream.

GAS TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

One or more segments of pipeline usually interconnected to form a network, which transports gas from a gathering system, the outlet of a gas processing plant, or a storage field to a high-or low-pressure distribution system, a large–volume customer, or another storage field.

RIGHT-OF-WAY (ROW)

The legal right, established by usage or an easement, to pass along a specific route through property of another without possessing it.



CONTACT INFORMATION

Please contact a MidAmerican representative at 888-427-5632.

BACKGROUND

LEGISLATION

FEDERAL GAS

MidAmerican is regulated by the Department of Transportation, Office of Pipeline Safety. The pipeline safety regulations are administered through Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 192.

Part 192 prescribes minimum standards for the safe operation of pipelines. The standards for pipeline design, operating pressure, integrity inspections, and frequency and type of patrols and leak surveys become more stringent as the population density in the area around the pipeline increases.

FEDERAL ELECTRIC

MidAmerican is an electric transmission provider regulated by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. The FERC regulates electric transmission service and requires that MidAmerican Energy's transmission service is provided on an open-access, non-discriminatory basis.

STATE

All states that MidAmerican operates in have damage prevention laws for the protection of pipelines and other underground utilities. All states where MidAmerican operates require excavators to notify their local one-call system of their excavation plans. MidAmerican participates in all one-call systems, which coordinate notice of excavation to participating utilities (water sewer, communication, gas and electric).

COUNTY AND CITY

Local governments often play a major role in regulating land use by means of comprehensive planning and zoning. Some counties currently offer developer incentives to encourage easement use for parks and open space purposes.

Some counties and cities require an additional building setback from facilities. Please check local codes before submitting lot layout plans.

EASEMENTS

In most cases, MidAmerican's easements vary in width from 5 feet to 200 feet, depending on the number and size of the facilities, terrain, and terms of the easement agreement. In some cases, the original easement agreement does not specify a defined easement width or location on the lands covered by the agreement, and therefore includes large sections of land.

As the rural environment is altered and land developments are proposed, MidAmerican, at the request of the landowner, may elect to amend or modify the easement agreement to reflect the changing land use. MidAmerican may work with developers to incorporate the easement into the project design, including consent to use the easement as a "greenway" or open space area so long as that use does not interfere with MidAmerican's rights under the easement.

PIPELINE MARKERS

In accordance with federal regulations, MidAmerican generally identifies the location of its pipeline facilities by installing permanent pipeline markers near roadway, rail, water, fence and underground utility crossings. Pipeline markers may also be strategically placed in extensive areas of open ground to delineate the location of the pipeline.

DISTRIBUTION LINE MARKERS

In rural or sparsely developed areas, line markers shall be placed directly over or in close proximity to buried gas mains:

- > At public roads near outside road right-of-way limits.
- > At railroad crossings near outside railroad right-of-way limits.
- At each side of major drainage ditches, irrigation canals and waterways subject to dredging or shipping activities.
- At fence line and property line crossings and other locations to readily call attention to the main, but not to impede surface operations such as farming when the main is on private property.
- Along fence, right-of-way or property lines at intervals sufficient to indicate the general location of the main, approximately ¼ mile apart when the main is located in and generally parallel to a public road or railroad right-of-way.

Because MidAmerican has an active damage prevention program in place under 49 CFR section 192.614, line markers in predominately urban areas shall be placed:

- > At highway and railroad crossings.
- At each side of major drainage ditches, irrigation canals and waterways subject to dredging or shipping activities.

MidAmerican may install additional or temporary line markers as deemed necessary to supplement identification of distribution main facilities.

TRANSMISSION LINE MARKERS

Pipeline locations are defined by the building and population density within 220 yards (200 meters) of the pipeline. 49 CFR section 192.5 defines each of the four location classifications, from Class 1 (lowest density) to Class 4 (highest density).

In Class 1 or 2 locations, line markers shall be placed directly over or in close proximity to buried transmission line:

- > At public roads near outside road right-of-way limits.
- > At railroad crossings near outside railroad right-of-way limits.
- At each side of major drainage ditches, irrigation canals and waterways subject to dredging or shipping activities.
- At fence line and property line crossings and other locations to readily call attention to the pipeline, but not to impede surface operations such as farming when the pipeline is on private property.
- Along fence, right-of-way or property lines at intervals sufficient to indicate the general location of the pipeline, approximately ¼ mile apart when the pipeline is located in and generally parallel to a public road or railroad right-of-way.



In Class 3 or 4 locations, line markers shall be placed directly over or in close proximity to buried transmission line:

- > At least once per city block, not to exceed 1/4 mile spacing when pipeline is located in and generally parallel to a public road.
- At public roads near the outside road right-of-way limits when a pipeline crosses at an oblique angle.
- > At railroad crossings near the outside railroad right-of-way limits.
- > At each side of major drainage ditches, irrigation canals and waterways subject to dredging or shipping activities.
- At fence lines, property lines or other locations frequent enough to readily call attention to the pipeline, but not to impede normal surface operations when pipeline is on private property.

MidAmerican may install additional or temporary line markers as deemed necessary to supplement identification of transmission facilities.

PLAN DESIGN AND REVIEW REQUIREMENTS

SUBDIVISION PLANS AND STREET AND ROAD CROSSING PLANS

Subdivision plans and street and road crossing plans require MidAmerican review for impacts to the easement and to ensure adherence to the Encroachment Specifications.

SUBDIVISION PLANS

MidAmerican requires a minimum of 30 business days lead-time to review preliminary plans for impacts to the easement and to ensure that all proposed improvements are designed in accordance with MidAmerican's Encroachment Specifications. Ideal subdivision plans include the following:

- Lot division on either boundary of the easement is preferable to splitting the easement between lots. A lot division configured on top of pipeline MidAmerican facility causes lot loss to the public as fences or structures cannot be built directly over the facility. Additionally, construction, maintenance and routine inspections can be disruptive to the landowner.
- > The entire easement width is reserved as an open space or green belt
- > Easement identity is clear and easily marked
- > Ability for crews to undertake emergency repairs quickly
- > Fewer landowners are affected by the easement, which reduces the chance of a "dig in"
- > Routine maintenance and inspections are not hindered

When the proposed development plans call for the dedication of the street/road right-of-way to the city, county or state, it is important to note that MidAmerican's easement is superior to this action and its rights are not diminished.

STREET AND ROAD CROSSING PLANS

MidAmerican requires a minimum of 30 business days to review proposed road crossing plans. Additional review time will be necessary for proposed divided highways, interstate highways and other road construction projects that require facility modifications.

A scope of work, description, plan and profile drawings should be provided with street and road crossing plans. Profiles are required to show depth of cover over each MidAmerican facility (existing and finished grade) and the clearance between MidAmerican's facility and any other utilities.

A location map should be provided that shows the project site area, including sufficient geographical references such as legal property lines, roads and appropriate deed and landowner information for the properties impacted.

Information should be provided that indicates if equipment may be traversing over MidAmerican facilities. MidAmerican will review the project to determine if its facility needs further protection due to additional loads at the surface.

When new easements are acquired or dedicated, the costs for modifications will be borne by the developer, state, county or city highway department.

MidAmerican must be given the opportunity to make a facility inspection prior to and during the road construction. The cost of inspections will be borne by the developer, state, county or city highway department and will be contained in the encroachment agreement Encroachment Specifications.

ENCROACHMENTS

It is MidAmerican's philosophy to prevent encroachments upon MidAmerican facilities, when possible, by working with agencies and developers to design projects outside the easement. Many of MidAmerican's easement agreements prohibit encroachments, and MidAmerican will enforce applicable provisions in its easement agreements where it believes the continued safe operation and maintenance of the pipeline could be threatened.

MidAmerican requires a minimum of 30 business day lead-time to review preliminary plans for any potential encroachment for impacts to the easement and to ensure that all proposed improvements are designed in accordance with MidAmerican's Encroachment Specifications.

ENCROACHMENT AGREEMENT OR ENCROACHMENT PERMIT

Where MidAmerican determines that an encroachment can be undertaken without jeopardizing its facilities, MidAmerican will require an encroachment agreement or issue an encroachment permit depending on the type and scope of encroachment proposed.

ENCROACHMENT AGREEMENT

The encroachment agreement is individualized and will contain all pertinent conditions to be followed by the encroaching party for the planned activity and may also provide for cost reimbursement to MidAmerican if relocation of facilities is required. Typically, MidAmerican will seek reimbursement for relocation projects that require significant design review, engineering investigation, field inspections, legal consultation, facility modification or facility construction. The encroaching party should have a copy of the encroachment agreement on site during the construction.

When is an Encroachment Agreement required?

An encroachment agreement may be required when:

- > Activities/works cross under, over or parallel to a MidAmerican facility
- > Activities/works extend into the easement

Examples of such activities/works may include, but are not limited to:

- > Street and road crossings
- > Fencing that cross the facility, retaining walls, terracing, landscaping, changes to the natural flow of water that creates soil erosion within the easement
- > Planting of trees
- > Blasting or use of explosives in the vicinity of MidAmerican facilities
- > Heavy equipment crossings
- > Large diameter utility crossings
- > Permanent facilities associated with adjacent commercial or residential developments
- > Other activities subject to an encroachment agreement are determined on a case-bycase basis

In addition, third party activities that necessitate MidAmerican to modify its facilities (such as, but not limited to, extensions, relocations or replacements, and facility modifications) are addressed in the encroachment agreement. Reimbursement provisions may also be referenced in the encroachment agreement; however this is usually addressed by a separate reimbursement agreement.

Who initiates the Encroachment Agreement?

With indication of work in a MidAmerican right-of-way, a MidAmerican representative initiates the encroachment agreement. The agreement must be executed before work begins within the easement area. In the event work commences absent such an agreement, MidAmerican may take steps to prevent further activity.

REIMBURSEMENT AGREEMENT

When is a Reimbursement Agreement required?

A reimbursement agreement may be required for activities proposed within the easement area which require preliminary engineering and/or field inspection services by MidAmerican personnel.

In addition, MidAmerican will seek a reimbursement agreement for any third-party activities that require modification to MidAmerican's facilities. Such modifications include, but are not limited to, extensions, relocations or replacements.

Who

Who initiates the Reimbursement Agreement?

The agreement is initiated by a representative of MidAmerican and must be executed before any work, preliminary engineering or field inspection services are performed by MidAmerican.

ENCROACHMENT PERMIT

The encroachment permit will contain all pertinent conditions to be followed by the encroaching party for the activity planned and is generally reviewed and issued to the encroaching party on-site.

When is an "Encroachment Permit" required? An encroachment permit is required when:

- > Activities or projects that cross under, over or parallel to a MidAmerican facility
- > Activities or projects that extend into the easement

Examples of such activities or projects may include, but are not limited to:

- Residential or commercial water lines
- > Residential or commercial communications cable
- > Small diameter drainage or sewer lines
- Residential or commercial electrical lines
- Fences (livestock fences or typical residential fences that do not cross the MidAmerican facility)
- > Residential or commercial sprinkler systems
- > Residential or commercial driveway

Who initiates the Encroachment Permit?

With indication of work in a MidAmerican right-of-way, a MidAmerican representative initiates the encroachment permit. The permit must be executed before work begins within the easement area. In the event work commences absent such a permit, MidAmerican may take steps to prevent further activity.

ENCROACHMENT SPECIFICATIONS

The following MidAmerican specifications are minimum requirements for most proposed encroachments to maintain safety and reliability of its facilities and to avoid conflicts with Federal Department of Transportation regulations and existing easement agreements. Additional requirements may be imposed, depending upon the scope of the proposed encroachment.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALTERATIONS WITHIN EASEMENTS

No structures or appurtenances are to be located above or below ground within the easement without MidAmerican's written approval.

No cut or fill within the easement area is permitted without MidAmerican's written approval.

MidAmerican will require submittal of plan and profile drawings for prior review and approval. All drawings must show, in detail, any nearby MidAmerican facilities and other features that will allow MidAmerican to determine the impacts of the proposed construction or maintenance activity on its facilities.

MidAmerican may request evidence of general liability and other appropriate and usual insurance prior to any activity and/or construction on or near MidAmerican rights-of-way or easements. In the event of excavation under MidAmerican facilities, the applicable MidAmerican facility must be named as an additional insured party. Any rights of subrogation or recovery will be waived in favor of MidAmerican. The insurance limits, terms and conditions that may be required will be dependent on the specific facilities potentially impacted and what would be usually and prudently obtained in similar industry situations.

All foreign lines crossing MidAmerican's easement shall be installed in accordance with all applicable codes and requirements governing such installations.

All foreign lines shall cross MidAmerican's easement at an angle as close to 90 degrees as possible. No horizontal or vertical bends will be permitted in MidAmerican's easement. Parallel occupancy of MidAmerican's easement shall not be permitted.

All foreign lines crossing MidAmerican facilities shall be installed with a minimum of 12 inches of clearance between the existing MidAmerican facility and the proposed foreign line. The foreign line shall be installed at a uniform depth across the full width of the MidAmerican easement. MidAmerican may require that foreign lines be installed under its existing facility.

MidAmerican may require that foreign lines be identified with permanent aboveground markers where the lines enter and exit MidAmerican's easement. It is the foreign line owner's responsibility to obtain any rights to install the markers and to maintain the markers. In some cases, there is significant delay between the review of developer's plans and actual construction. If delays occur, all construction and maintenance activities are subject to MidAmerican's requirements in effect at the time the work actually takes place.

MidAmerican may require that a recorded encroachment agreement or encroachment permit be executed by all parties prior to any work within the easement area.

GAS-SPECIFIC

MidAmerican's steel pipelines are electrically protected against corrosion. At MidAmerican's request, metallic foreign lines that enter or cross MidAmerican's easement must have test leads installed. The foreign pipeline owner shall provide MidAmerican a test station for test leads. In addition, MidAmerican personnel must be provided an opportunity to install test leads on MidAmerican's existing pipelines. All necessary measures (coatings, electrical bonds, etc.) shall be taken to ensure that the proposed pipe or utility is adequately protected from potential interference.

AGRICULTURAL FENCES

Fence posts shall not be installed within five feet of any MidAmerican facility. For fences installed across the easement, MidAmerican will require that the first fence post installed on either side of the facility shall be set in a hand dug hole.

MidAmerican shall have the free right of ingress and egress to the easement. MidAmerican may require that new fences have a 12-foot wide gate without locking devices installed within the easement at a location approved by MidAmerican.

RESIDENTIAL FENCES

MidAmerican has the right to access its facility for maintenance and other activities along the easement. Any residential fences installed may be removed at the owner's expense to allow access. Generally, parallel fence installations will not be approved.

SWIMMING POOLS

Swimming pools, above or below ground, are generally not allowed inside a MidAmerican transmission easement.

LANDSCAPE GUIDELINES

No trees or large, deep-rooted shrubs are permitted within the easement area.

With prior approval from MidAmerican, some types of small shrubs may be permitted within the easement area provided the plantings do not interfere with the operation, maintenance and inspection of MidAmerican facilities. Circumstances shall determine whether mechanical equipment will be allowed for planting of such shrubs.

MidAmerican reserves the right to cut or remove plantings within the MidAmerican easement as required in the operation, inspection and maintenance of its facilities. MidAmerican assumes no responsibility for any cost involved in the replacement of removed landscape plantings.

Generally, sprinkler or irrigation systems will not be allowed within the easement area.

SANITARY SEWER, WATER CROSSINGS AND STORM SEWER

All sewer and water lines shall be installed in accordance with the encroachment agreement or encroachment permit. The issuance of an encroachment agreement or encroachment permit will be dependent on the nature and/or scope of the project.

PROPANE OR SIMILAR COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL LINES

All plastic or steel combustible material lines shall be installed in accordance with the encroachment agreement or encroachment permit. The issuance of an encroachment agreement or encroachment permit will be dependent on the nature and/or scope of the project.

STREETS, ROADS AND DRIVEWAYS

MidAmerican must complete a preliminary engineering review for all roads, streets, driveways, etc. proposed on the easement. Any facility protection required by MidAmerican shall be installed at no expense to MidAmerican. MidAmerican may require a facility inspection prior to construction.

Driveways, highways, roads, streets, etc. crossing MidAmerican facilities shall cross at an angle as close to 90 degrees as possible. All crossings must be at locations free of any other crossovers. For gas pipeline, all crossings must be over straight pipe. Parallel occupancy of the easement shall not be permitted.

MidAmerican may require a recorded encroachment agreement or encroachment permit. The issuance of an encroachment agreement or encroachment permit will be dependent on the nature and/or scope of the project. MidAmerican will retain the right to cut all present and proposed driveways, highways, roads, streets, etc. and will have no responsibility for restoration, loss of use or access or any other costs.

PAVED TRAIL IN A GREENWAY (GAS OR ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION LINE)

MidAmerican must complete a preliminary engineering review for trails proposed on the easement. For gas pipeline, any pipeline protection required by MidAmerican shall be installed at no expense to MidAmerican. MidAmerican may require a facility inspection prior to construction.

DEBRIS

Stockpiling brush, trash or other debris on the easement is prohibited as it may conceal facility markers and hinder facility inspections or routine maintenance.

TEMPORARY EQUIPMENT CROSSINGS

To protect MidAmerican facilities from external loading, MidAmerican must perform an engineering evaluation to determine the effects of any proposed equipment use. Mats, timber bridges or other protective materials deemed necessary by MidAmerican shall be placed over MidAmerican facilities for the duration of any equipment or other loading. Protective materials shall be purchased, placed and removed at no cost to MidAmerican. The easement must be restored to its original condition prior to construction.

DRAINAGE, IMPOUNDMENT OF WATER AND EROSION CONTROL

MidAmerican may conduct preliminary engineering studies for any proposed drainage channels or ditches within the easement area. Drainage channels or ditches must be adequately protected from erosion. Altering (clearing, re-grading or changing alignment of) an existing drainage channel or ditch requires written approval from MidAmerican prior to the alteration.

Impoundment of water on the easement area is not permitted. Soil erosion control measures shall not be installed within the easement area without prior MidAmerican approval. Any soil erosion control measure corrections shall be completed at no expense to MidAmerican.

BLASTING

Prior to any blasting operation, MidAmerican shall be notified to review the request. A MidAmerican representative may be required to be on site during the blasting operations. One Call shall also be notified 48 hours in advance. If deemed necessary by MidAmerican, the blasting contractor may be required to perform seismic monitoring.

BURIED COMMUNICATION (TELEVISION, TELEPHONE, DATA TRANSMISSION AND FIBER OPTIC) AND BURIED POWER LINE CROSSINGS

All buried communication lines (including residential telephone and cable TV lines) and buried electric cables (including single residential service drops) crossing MidAmerican facilities shall be installed in accordance with the encroachment agreement or encroachment permit. The issuance of an encroachment agreement or encroachment permit will be dependent on the nature and/or scope of the project.

EXCAVATIONS

Plans for excavation within the easement area require prior approval by MidAmerican.

For gas transmission, a MidAmerican representative must be present for any excavation within 25 feet of any MidAmerican transmission pipeline under Iowa Code § 480.4(3)(a)(3). Machine excavation shall not be performed within 18 inches on each side of MidAmerican's pipeline(s). The MidAmerican on site representative may require hand digging at a distance greater than 18 inches under Iowa Code § 480.4(3)(a)(1).

For electric transmission, excavation shall not be performed within 25 feet of an electric transmission structure. No machine excavation shall be performed within 36 inches on each side of MidAmerican underground electric transmission facilities. The MidAmerican on site representative may require hand digging at a distance greater than 36 inches under Iowa Code.

When a backhoe is used within the easement area, a smooth bucket is required.

Prior to any excavation within the easement area, the plans should be provided for review to ensure that proper facility cover exists. After the project is complete, MidAmerican retains the right to have the excavator demonstrate that proper cover remains over the facility. An engineering evaluation of all excavation activities is required which may cause a facility to be unsupported.

Backfill material placed around underground utilities should be free from frozen dirt, broken concrete, rocks or other materials that could cause damage to the MidAmerican facility. Backfill must be properly compacted to minimize the possibility of settlement or washout.



TRENCHLESS CROSSINGS

MidAmerican's existing facilities shall be potholed to verify the facility location prior to any proposed boring operations. MidAmerican requires submittal of both plan and profile drawings for appropriate review prior to any proposed boring operations.

Prior to any boring, potholes will be excavated to verify the depth of the bore as it approaches each facility. The contractor shall provide and maintain instrumentation to accurately locate the boring head.

All trenchless crossings of MidAmerican facilities shall be installed in accordance with the encroachment agreement or encroachment permit.

OVERHEAD LINE CROSSINGS

Overhead line crossings shall be installed with vertical clearance above the MidAmerican easement to provide adequate equipment clearance.

Overhead lines shall cross at an angle as close to 90 degrees as possible. Any overhead line crossings of MidAmerican easements shall be installed in accordance with the encroachment agreement or encroachment permit. The issuance of an encroachment agreement or encroachment permit will be dependent on the nature and/or scope of the project.

DISPOSAL SYSTEMS

No septic tanks, liquid disposal systems or hazardous waste disposal systems will be allowed within the MidAmerican easement. This prohibition includes, but is not limited to, facilities that have the potential of discharging effluent from sewage disposal systems, the discharge of any hydrocarbon substance, the discharge or disposal of any regulated waste or any other discharge that may prove damaging or corrosive to MidAmerican facilities.



SAFETY AND RELIABILITY

MidAmerican must and will use every available resource to ensure the safety and reliability of its facilities. MidAmerican does not encourage nor support any development or encroachment that interferes with the operation or maintenance of its facilities. In those cases where development or encroachment cannot be avoided, MidAmerican will work with agencies and developers to ensure the safety and reliability of MidAmerican facilities

When working near MidAmerican's overhead or underground facilities, it is the contractor's responsibility to make certain that they plan and do their work in such a manner that encroachment or damage to utility property does not occur.

All states that MidAmerican operates in have damage prevention laws for the protection of underground utilities. All states where MidAmerican operates require excavators to notify their local One Call system of their excavation plans. MidAmerican participates in all One Call systems, which coordinate notice of excavation to participating utilities (water sewer, communication, gas and electric). At least two (2) working days before starting excavation, the excavator is required to call the appropriate One Call number to have MidAmerican facilities located. The excavator is responsible to maintain locate marks during construction work and should never assume the location or depth of underground facilities.

The excavator should know and understand the One Call laws for the state in which they are digging. Each state in MidAmerican's service territory publishes a Professional Excavator's Procedure or Excavator Handbook for informational purposes and as a reference. Check the One Call website for your state to view a copy of the publication.

ONE CALL PHONE CONTACTS

NATIONWIDE	Dial 811 (Preferred)	
STATES		
Illinois	800-892-0123	www.illinois1call.com
lowa	800-292-8989	www.iowaonecall.com
Nebraska	800-331-5666	www.ne1call.com
South Dakota	800-781-7474	www.sdonecall.com



GAS

If you smell natural gas or suspect a gas leak, immediately evacuate the building and move to a safe location. Avoid doing anything that might produce static or sparks, such as touching any electrical switches, telephones (including cell phones) or smoking. Next, report the leak by calling MidAmerican at 800-595-5325.

ELECTRIC

Report a downed electric line to MidAmerican by calling 800-799-4443. You can't tell if an electric line is live simply by looking at it. Electric lines can be dangerous, always assume a fallen line is energized.

Please note that the overhead electric line in the project area is continuously energized. The conductors (overhead wires) on this electric line are bare and uninsulated and contact with this electric line can cause serious injury or death. All people involved with any construction, maintenance, or similar activities within the vicinity of this electric line must be aware and remain aware of the hazards of working around this electric line, including maintaining proper safety clearances from this electric line.